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10/612,825	07/01/2003	Fabrizio Simone Rovati	851763.434	3917
500 2520 SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC 701 FIFTH AVE SUITE 5400 SEATILE, WA 98104			EXAMINER	
			WOOD, WILLIAM H	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/612.825 ROVATI ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit William H. Wood 2193 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 January 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1.2 and 4-18 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1.2 and 4-18 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/25/08

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-2 and 4-18 are pending and have been examined.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 25 January 2008 has been entered.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 25 January 2008 has been considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35
 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this

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subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

 Claims 1-2 and 4-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Menezes (USPN 6.950.926).

Claim 1

Menezes disclosed a process for executing programs on at least one processor having a given instruction set architecture, characterized in that it comprises the operations of:

compiling the program to be executed and translating said program into native instructions of said instruction set architecture, organizing the instructions deriving from the translation of said program into respective bundles arranged in order of successive bundles, each bundle grouping together instructions adapted to be executed in parallel by said at least one processor (column 3, lines 24-31; column 5, lines 2-4, "concurrently");

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ordering said bundles of instructions in respective sub-bundles by detecting a value of a binary symbol encoded in one of the instructions of the respective bundle (column 5, line 63 to column 6, line 10, "it is possible that an instruction in the second set has a data dependency on an instruction in the first set. A neutral instruction can be used to describe the interdependency not only among the instructions in a set but also between sets", "single bit or value"), said sub-bundles identifying a first set of instructions, which must be executed before the instructions belonging to the next bundle of said order, and a second set of instructions that can be executed both before and in parallel with respect to the instructions belonging to said next bundle of said order, it being possible for at least said second set of instructions to be the null set (column 4, lines 16-27; column 4, line 60 to column 5, line 6; column 5, line 59 to column 6, line 15; sub-bundle being instructions in first set required to execute before the second set/bundle);

defining a sequence of execution of the instructions of said sub-bundles in successive operating cycles of said at least one processor, while preventing, in assigning each sub-bundle to an operating cycle of the processor, simultaneous assignment, to the same operating cycle, of two sub-bundles corresponding to instructions belonging to said first set of two successive bundles of said order *(column 6. lines 11-15)*; and

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executing said instructions on at least one said processor respecting said execution sequence (column 3, line 22).

Claim 2

Menezes disclosed the process according to claim 1, characterized in that it comprises the operation of selectively varying the overall length of instruction executed for each cycle by said at least one processor (column 3, line 4, VLIW).

Claim 4

Menezes disclosed the process according to claim 3, characterized in that it comprises the operations of:

detecting when one between said first set and said second set is the null set (column 4, line 62 to column 5, line 1); and

inserting in the respective sub-bundle a fictitious instruction which does not imply any execution of operations (column 3, line 60 to column 4, line 15; figure 1).

Claim 5

Menezes disclosed the process according to claim 1, characterized in that it comprises the operation of identifying the instructions belonging to a subbundle of said first set and of said second set by means of two distinct binary symbols which identify the last instruction of the respective sub-bundle

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(column 4, lines 13-15, "succeed ... the set"; column 4, lines 28-43, opcode and operand of the neutral instructions).

Claim 6

Menezes disclosed the process according to claim 1, for executing programs on a multiprocessor system comprising a plurality of processors having said instruction-set architecture (column 1, lines 14-17, multiple execution units), characterized in that it comprises the operations of:

instantiating the processors of said plurality with respective degrees of parallelism of execution with at least two different values of said parallelism of execution in the context of said plurality (column 1, lines 49-54; multiple execution units might all be executing in parallel or maybe just some are executing in parallel; and

selectively distributing execution of the instructions of said sequence of execution among the processors of said plurality, the instructions of said sequence of execution being directly executable by the processors of said plurality in conditions of binary compatibility (column 1, lines 14-17, multiple execution units; column 1, lines 49-54; distributed to the multiple execution units).

Claim 7

Menezes disclosed the process according to claim 6, characterized in that it

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comprises the operation of selectively distributing the execution of the instructions of said sequence among the processors of said plurality, dynamically distributing the computational load of said processors (column 1, lines 14-17, multiple execution units to be selected for the instructions).

Claim 8

Menezes disclosed the process according to claim 6, characterized in that it comprises the operation of selectively distributing the execution of the instructions of said sequence among said processors of said plurality with the criterion of equalizing the operating frequency of the processors of said plurality (column 1, lines 14-17, multiple execution units).

Claim 9

Menezes disclosed the process according to claim 6, characterized in that it comprises the operation of performing a process of control executed by at least one of the processors of said plurality so as to equalize its own workload with respect to the other processors of said multiprocessor system (column 1, lines 14-17, multiple execution units; figure 3, elements 201 and 203, equalized with respect to each other).

Claim 10

Menezes disclosed the process according to claim 9, characterized in that it

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comprises the operation of drawing up a table accessible by said control process, said table having items chosen from the group made up of:

a list of processes that are being executed or are suspended on any processor of said plurality of processors (column 6, lines 11-15);

the progressive number thereof according to the order of activation;

the percentage of maximum power of the processor that is used by said process;

the execution time;

the amount of memory of the system used by said process to be able to execute the function for which it is responsible;

the processor on which the process currently resides; and
the address of the portion of memory in which the data and the
instructions are stored (column 6, lines 29-45).

Claim 11

Menezes disclosed a processor system, preferably of a multiprocessor type, configured for operating with the process according to claim 1 (column 4, lines 62-65).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

 Claims 12-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tulai, Alexander (UK Patent Application) in view of Menezes (USPN 6,950,926).

Claim 12

Tulai disclosed a process of executing programs o a system having a plurality of processors comprising:

organizing said instruction sets into respective groups, each group having a predetermined priority for execution in a given processor of said plurality (page 3, lines 20-23; page 6, lines 17-18);

encoding said instructions for execution on said processors (page 3, lines 20-23; page 6, lines 17-18); and

providing in each encoded instruction a designated number of initial bits identifying said predetermined priority of the instruction set (page 3, lines 20-23; page 6, lines 17-18).

Tulai did not explicitly state compiling the program to be executed and translating. Menezes demonstrated that it was known at the time of invention to compile a program (column 1, lines 59-60; column 3, lines 26-31; and column 4, lines 59-62) and translate a program (column 1, line 58). It would

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have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to implement the multi-processor parallel execution system of **Tulai** with compiling a program and translating the program into the instruction sets of the plurality of processors of **Tulai** as found in **Menezes**' teaching. This implementation would have been obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to reduce the hardware calculation burden (**Menezes**: column 1, lines 63-65).

Menezes demonstrated that it was known at the time of invention to implement separating said groups of instructions into respective sub-bundles, said sub-bundles identifying a first set of instructions, which must be executed before the instructions belonging to the next group, and a second set of instructions that can be executed both before and in parallel with respect to the instructions belonging to said next group, it being possible for at least said second set of instructions to be the null set (column 4, lines 16-27; column 4, line 60 to column 5, line 6; column 5, line 59 to column 6, line 15; sub-bundle being instructions in first set required to execute before the second set/bundle). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to implement the multi-processor parallel execution system of Tulai with compiling a program and organizing the program into dependency relationships for parallel execution as found in Menezes' teaching. This implementation would have been obvious because one of ordinary skill in

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the art would be motivated to reduce the hardware calculation burden

(Menezes: column 1, lines 63-65).

Claim 13

Tulai and Menezes disclosed the process of claim 12, wherein the execution of

programs comprises directing of the instruction sets to said processors of said

plurality according to the priority bits encoded into the said instruction set

(**Tulai**: page 3, lines 20-23; page 6, lines 17-18).

Claim 14

Tulai and Menezes disclosed the process of claim 12, wherein said priority is

determined based on the amount of memory required by each of the processors of said plurality to execute said instruction set (Tulai: page 2, line 24 to page 3,

line 2; page 5, lines 22-23; page 6, line 25 to page 7, line 1; page 10, lines 14-19;

thus assigning/prioritizing instructions to a processor is based upon memory

considerations of those processors).

Claim 15

Tulai and Menezes disclosed the process of claim 12, wherein said priority is

determined based on the amount of percentage of maximum power required by

each of the processors of said plurality to execute said instruction set (Tulai:

page 2, lines 19-21; page 7, lines 7-9; page 10, line 25 to page 11, line 3; thus

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assigning/prioritizing instructions to a processor is based upon power considerations of those processors).

Claims 16-18

The limitations of claims 16-18 correspond to the limitations of claims 12-15 and as such are rejected in the same manner. **Menezes** discloses multiple processors (column 1, liens 14-17, multiple execution units for processing; multiple processors are obviously faster than one).

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 28 February 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues, with respect to claims 1-11: 1)

Menezes fails to disclose separating a set of instructions other than on the internal dependency of the instructions in the set; and ²⁾ Menezes does not disclose the use of a binary symbol to identify the instructions belonging to a sub-bundle.

With regard to issue one, **Menezes** clearly disclosed separating the bundles into at least two sub-bundles (column 5, line 63 to column 6, line 10, "it is possible that an instruction in the second set has a data dependency on an instruction in the first set. A neutral instruction can be used to describe the interdependency not only among the instructions in a set but also between sets"). Clearly, the separating is performed based upon multiple sets. The

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terminology, "separating" (in its broadest reasonable interpretation), merely requires acknowledgement/identification by the processor/circuitry of the subbundles.

With regard to issue two, the neutral instruction that encodes the dependency information (see at least Figure 1, element 12; also column 3, lines 24-31) clearly indicates the dependency and therefore parallel execution abilities of each instruction in the bundle. By doing this the instruction encodes the "sub-bundles" or groups of dependent or not dependent instructions. As an instruction, this dependency instruction is a "binary symbol". It is clear that the cited art discloses a binary symbol encoded in one instruction of a bundle (column 6, lines 8-10, "single bit or value"). The rejections are maintained.

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Correspondence Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William H. Wood whose telephone number is (571)-272-3736. The examiner can normally be reached 10:00am - 4:00pm Monday thru Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (571)-272-3756. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (571)273-8300 for regular communications

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained form either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR systems, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. For questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-3900.

/William H. Wood/ William H. Wood Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2193

February 27, 2008